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2 Nicaragua Dead Are Called Unpaid Volunteers

By PHILIP TAUBMAN Special to The New York Times

HUNTSVILLE, Ala., Sept. 4 - Nicaraguan rebel leaders said today that two Americans killed when their helicopter was shot down in Nicaragua on Saturday were Vietnam veterans who were members of a veterans' group formed to help the Nicaraguan rebels.

The rebel leaders, based in Miami and New Orleans, said the two men and four other Americans who traveled with them to Honduras last week volunteered their help and received no pay. Previously it had been reported that the group consisted of seven men.

The rebel leaders, from the Nicaraguan Democratic Force, the largest of the insurgent groups, said that one of the men killed was a Huntsville police detective, Dana H. Parker Jr., who they said had taken a leave of absence to assist the rebels.

The other man, they said, was James Powell, of Memphis. Both men were said to have been helicopter pilots in Vietnam.

Group Formed by Veterans

The two men, according to the rebel officials, were members of a group called Civilian Military Assistance that was formed last year by American military veterans to help the rebels.

The group, the insurgent officials said, has chepters in Huntsville, Memphis, and Birmingham and has sent between 15 and 20 Americans to Honduras during the last year to advise the rebels.

The Americans have helped train rebel airplane and helicopter pilots, the insurgent leaders said, but have not participated in military activities in Nicaragua.

They said that the two men were killed on Saturday when their helicopter flew over Nicaragua to inspect the damage inflicted by a rebel ground attack on a military installation, but that they had not taken part in fighting.

The Americans have also provided presence in Honduras last week.

edical supplies, clothing and other Senator Daniel Patrick Moynihan, medical supplies, clothing and other gent leaders said.

Some Said to Be Reservists

rebel leaders, have no connection with the C.I.A. the Central Intelligence Agency, which has supported the insurgents since Senator Moynihan said today, "An 1981, but some are in the United States official of the C.I.A. got back to me to-Army Reserve.

The main rebel group, the Nicaraand provide details about their involve-

ment in the Nicaraguan conflict. Rebel officials said that Mario Rebel officials said that Mario s now a matter for the State Depart-Calero Portocarrero, a rebel leader in nent to investigate." New Orleans, had helped arrange for the Americans to travel to Honduras last week.

The rebel leaders said the men had no connection, direct or indirect, with the United States Government while they were assisting the insurgents. The Reagan Administration has also said that the men, described by White House and intelligence officials as mercenaries, were not associated with the Government.

Nicaragua, which said that the helicopter was shot down after it and four small planes had attacked a military training school in Santa Clara, near the Honduran border, has charged that the men worked for the Central Intelligence Agency

Questions remained, however, about how the six Americans became involved with the rebels and how the C.I.A., which has described their activities in some detail, knew about their

equipment to help the rebels, the insur-the New York Democrat who is vice chairman of the Senate Select Committee on Intelligence, has said that the Some Said to Be Reservists

The Americans, according to the the Americans and any possible links to

day to confirm the original information that the American citizens involved guan Democratic Force, scheduled a with the 'contra' activity in Honduras news conference to identify the men and Nicaragua are in no way associated with the intelligence community, our have they been, it appears to me it

'Contra' is a term used to describe hose seeking to overthrow Nicaraşua's leftist Government.

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